68. Ocotea rubra Mez.

- wana

Synonym : *Nectandra rubra* (Mez.) Allen

Family : Lauraceae

Vernacular names

Suriname : Wane / Teteroma

Guyana : Determa / Teteruma / Wanu

French Guiana : Grignon franc / Grignon rouge / Laurier
Brazil : Louro vermelho / Louro camela / Canela

International trade name : Determa, Louro vermelho

Occurrence : Suriname, Guianas, Brazil

Tree description

Bole length : bole 15 - 25 m; tree height 25 - 50 m

Diameter : 0.50 – 1.50 m

Log shape : cylindrical, tapered bole; tree base sometimes with thick

buttresses

Wood description

Sapwood : distinct, not always sharply, dirty yellow to grayish brown

Heartwood : pinkish red to reddish brown

Grain : generally straight, sometimes irregular or highly interlocked

Texture : medium to very coarse

Technological characteristics

Physical properties

Green density	(g/cm^3) :	0.98
Air dry density at 12% MC	(g/cm^3) :	0.66
Basic specific gravity	:	0.56
Tot. tangential shrinkage	(%) :	8.7
Tot. radial shrinkage	(%) :	4.0
Tot. volumetric shrinkage	(%) :	13.2

Mechanical properties

Bending strength at 12% MC (N/mm²): 102 Modulus of elasticity (MOE) at 12% MC (N/mm²): 11600 Crushing strength at 12% MC (N/mm²): 49 **Processing**

Sawing : easy; blunting effect: very slight

Drying : very difficult, slow and carefully. US kiln schedule T6 – D2 for

25-38 mm and T3 - D1 50 mm stock

Machining : easy

Gluing : with special care
Nailing : medium to good

Finishing : good; filler recommended Veneering : peels and slices well

Natural durability

Decay fungi : good to very good

Termites : moderate
Marine borers : good

Treatability (heartwood): poor

End uses : interior and exterior joinery, cabinetwork, carpentry, moulding,

panelling, glued laminated beams, plywood.





Log shape

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